

EARNED HIGH HONORS.

The Interesting Career of Missouri's New Chief Executive.

William J. Stone, the new governor of Missouri, is a Kentuckian by birth, having first seen the light of day in Madison county, in the Blue Grass state, on the 7th day of May, 1847. In personal appearance he is a typical Kentuckian, tall and straight as an arrow, with a well formed head poised upon broad shoulders; his hair plentiful and as free from "kink" as an Indian's; a large firm mouth partially concealed by a luxuriant mustache and a nose inclined to be aquiline. Although he was too young to be available for military duty during the war, he enlisted in a confederate cavalry company in 1863 and performed such duties as fell to the members of the organization, which was enlisted as a home guard. In 1863 he removed to Missouri, studied law and was admitted to practice in 1867. From 1872 to 1874 he was prosecuting attorney of Vernon county, and made an excellent record, but relinquished the position in order to devote himself to his more profitable private practice and to farming and stock raising, toward which he had a pronounced leaning.



In 1884 Col. Stone was selected to represent the Twelfth district of Missouri in congress, and was reelected in 1886 and 1888. In the house he proved himself to be an indefatigable worker and held positions on the various committees on public lands, reform in the civil service and on the labor troubles in Pennsylvania. He was industrious and vigilant in all matters coming before his committees, and his opinions as to the advisability of legislation concerning them carried great weight with his colleagues. He was particularly conspicuous by reason of his defense of the people against the encroachments of corporations and also took a prominent part in legislation designed to preserve the public domain for the benefit of actual settlers. He is eloquent in debate and when conscious of the rectitude of his position is as firm as adamant rock.

BANKERS' DAY.

Election of Directors of the Several Banks of Sedalia for the Ensuing Year.

The various banks of Sedalia held their annual election of directors, today, for the current year.

FIRST NATIONAL.

C. Newkirk, J. R. Barrett, H. W. Wood, E. G. Cassidy, John W. McClure, F. H. Guenther, J. C. Thompson.

THIRD NATIONAL.

James Glass, N. H. Gentry, C. E. Messerly, C. W. McAninch, D. W. McClure, Morris Harter, J. N. Dalby, R. H. Moses, A. P. Morey, Sam'l C. Gold, F. E. Hoffman, J. H. Mertz, Judge Wm. Boeker, Herman Kahn, Henry Mahnen, C. W. McAninch, Herman Kahrs.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL.

Wm. H. Powell, S. H. Beiler, N. N. Parberry, John J. Yeater, W. T. Hutchinson, John D. Crawford, Frank B. Meyer, Jas. H. Doyle, Wm. H. Powell, Jr. Mr. Doyle replaces Mr. J. W. Powell.

SEDALIA NATIONAL.

Chris Hye, O. A. Crandall, John W. Murphy, Martin Renken, H. G. Clark, Dr. D. F. Brown, Dr. W. H. Evans, Chas. E. Musick, Wm. Lower, Henry Meuschke, G. D. Crawford, Henry Lamm, F. W. Shultz.

Schools in Good Condition.

Superintendent Scotten left at noon today for Smithton to inspect the public school at that place. He is now engaged in making a general tour of the county and examining into the condition of the various schools. With few exceptions he finds them doing nicely. The attendance has fallen off slightly since the holidays.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each Day.

In order to be healthy this is necessary.

MY MISSOURI MEERSCHAUM.

My pipe's my friend, and it and I Pass many pleasant moments by.

The smoky wreaths that curl and roll Up from its deep, big yellow bowl, Shut out the cold world from my face, And wrap me in their blue embrace.

And, as true friendship should, it grows Stronger with every hour that goes;

Stronger along its reedy stem And down beneath the deep bowl's rim,

Until it seems decree of fate That we shall never separate

Save when, like its own feeble fire, The moments of my life expire.

George W. Freck.

BAZOO CHAT.

"Good enough what there is of it—enough of it, such as it is."

The old settlers in and near Smithton will readily recognize the lines quoted above. It has been thirty or thirty-five years ago, one of the well known and venerable inhabitants of that neighborhood visited his girl, or just happened along. It being near dinner time he, of course, accepted the invitation to dine with her. In those days families were very often short of rations, having to go a long distance to do their trading, and when dinner was ready and his host had said grace, an excuse was made by the young lady about the dinner. "Never mind," said Mr. —, "it is good enough what there is of it," and immediately, seeing the blunder he had made, said by way of apology, "and enough of it, such as it is." From that time until now this has been the by-word in and around Smithton when any excuses are offered as to what is on the table.

Walter Williams, editor of the Columbia Herald, and wife, have recently gone to housekeeping. In other words, have set up for themselves. Since their marriage a few months ago they have been boarding at Judge Garth's. Their home is an ideal little cottage in a fashionable part of the city and under the tasteful touch of Mrs. Williams it has already become a little bird's nest, just big enough for two, with ample room however, to accommodate a few choice friends. Walter doesn't know a saw-buck from a World's Fair building, but he has learned, with singular aptitude, how to pack in the stove wood and build a fire in the morning. The young couple also keep a cow and the Herald's youthful editor can already milk a cow until she is dryer than a fellow who's been up with the "jolly dogs" all night and can't find a dime to get a drink next morning. Walter married a country girl, and she bids fair to make a model husband out of him.

The Chatter had the pleasure this morning to meet at Sieber's Lieutenant Edward Sigerfoos, of the Fifth Infantry, U. S. A., who is here on official business. The lieutenant is unusually handsome and intelligent. He is not a graduate of West Point, but was appointed from civil life, from Ohio, and is now stationed at Ft. Leavenworth. "There are twelve companies now at the post which are commanded by Colonel Townsend," said he. "During the winter season comparatively little time is spent in drilling. Instead thereof we have schools for the instruction of non-commissioned officers and privates. The former are required to go through a course of instruction in tactics and other branches pertaining to the army. The privates are taught the common school branches, but their attendance upon the classes is not compulsory. A commissioned officer is detailed from each company as teacher. Most of the men take kindly to the system and seem eager to advance themselves; others, however, care little for books and they are generally found to be the poorest soldiers. A private is always designated by his company, as, for instance, Private —, Co. A. An officer is designated by his regiment, as, for instance, Colonel —, Fifth Infantry."

An Awful Tragedy!

Thousands of lives have been sacrificed, thousands of homes made desolate by the fatal mistake of the "old-school" physicians, still persisted in by some, notwithstanding the light thrown upon the subject by modern research, that consumption is incurable. It is not. Consumption is a scrofulous disease of the lungs, and any remedy that strikes at the seat of the complaint must and will cure it. Such a remedy is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a certain specific for all scrofulous complaints. It was never known to fail if given a fair trial, and that is why the manufacturers sell it under a positive guarantee that if it does not benefit or cure, the money paid for it will be refunded. The only lung remedy possessed of such remarkable curative properties as to warrant its makers in selling it on trial!

TOO MUCH MOTHER-IN-LAW

Interesting Disclosures in the Family Affairs of Former Sedalians, Now in Kansas City.

The following article from the local columns of to-day's Kansas City Times, will be read with much interest by many Sedalians. Mrs. Stone with her father, George W. McKean, formerly resided in a handsome home on South Lamine street, in this city:

"As a sequel to the sensational divorce proceedings instituted by Chas. H. Stone against Hattie A. Stone, Mrs. Stone brought suit against the mother of her husband Mrs. L. A. Wilson, charging her with inducing her son to abandon his wife. Mrs. Stone asks the court to award her a judgment of \$20,000 against Mrs. Wilson. The petition in the case was placed in the hands of a deputy sheriff yesterday afternoon, but he failed to get service on Mrs. Wilson as she had left Kansas City for her home in Findlay, O., yesterday morning.

In her petition Mrs. Stone relates at length the many incidents of her married life on which she bases her action for damages. She was married in 1886, she says, at the age of 17, and her mother-in-law conspired to bring about a separation. When in Mrs. Wilson's presence, she claims, she was the constant object of that person's severe and approbrious criticism, and when absent from her Mrs. Wilson wrote to her son periodically, advising him to leave his wife. Mrs. Stone claims that her husband deserted her at the instigation of his mother in December last, and that for more than a year previous to that time she had supported both her husband and herself. Her mother-in-law, she charges, has alienated the affections of her husband and deprived her of his society and support. And in return therefor she thinks Mrs. Wilson should be compelled to pay her \$20,000.

Mrs. Stone is the daughter of Geo. W. McKean, special Indian agent at Chamberlain, S. D., a man of wealth and high standing. She is the granddaughter of Judge Ryland, once on the supreme bench of this state, and the niece of Judge Ryland, criminal judge of Pettis county. At present Mrs. Stone is the proprietress of a fashionable boarding house at Eighth street and Tracy avenue. Her husband, Charles H. Stone, is a clerk in the employ of the Armour Packing company.

In the petition for divorce filed on December 24, Stone charged his wife with infidelity. Mrs. Stone yesterday filed her answer to the divorce petition, in which she denies emphatically every allegation made by her husband. She makes counter charges of gross indignities and neglect and asks the court to award her suitable alimony pending the trial of the case.

Take the Census.

The BAZOO calls upon the authorities to take the census of Sedalia. Our population has increased wonderfully within a very recent period. Here is the record reported by Dr. S. G. Crawford:

Born to Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Hughes, dairyman, corner Brown and Thirteenth streets, Jan. 10, one son weighing ten and one half pounds.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. C. L. May, a lumberman, corner Hancock and Fifteenth streets, Jan. 10, one son weighing ten pounds.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pittman, a brickman, corner Hancock and Nineteenth streets Jan. 11, one son weighing ten pounds.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Smith, a clerk for the M. K. & T., 650 East Twelfth street Jan. 11, one son weighing eight and one-half pounds.

All of the fathers, mothers and babies doing nicely.

Martha Wilkes for Next Year.

From a private letter from Mrs. Martha Wiggins, wife of the owner of the celebrated racing queen Martha Wilkes the BAZOO learns that the beautiful mare is now at the owner's magnificent "Lake View Farm" near Bellingham, Mass., and is looking finely, much better than when she was in Sedalia. Mrs. Wiggins states that her owners hope to come very near the two minute mark next year and will undoubtedly take their own driver and campaign a number of horses under the direct supervision of Mr. Wiggins.

Mrs. Wiggins who is a skilled horsewoman as well as a lady of culture and refinement speaks of Sedalia very pleasantly and desires to be kindly remembered to those who made her stay here a particularly enjoyable one.

Bismarck's Danger.

BERLIN, Jan. 12.—It is claimed by the Vorwaerts that it possesses papers regarding the Guelph scandal that will implicate Prince Bismarck. The paper says in a short time it will publish a full list of the names of those implicated.

PERSONAL POINTS.

—Boston had more newspapers 40 years ago than now.

—Well, real Andrew Jacksons are scarce, and always have been.

—Cheyenne has lost much of its charm for the old-timers there. Spectators, as well as lawyers and prisoners, are now forbidden to carry guns into court.

—There are sixty-four governments in the world that issue patents. The aggregate cost of patenting an article in the sixty-four countries is about \$15,000.

—The Consul of the Argentine Republic at Bangor, Me., was called upon recently for the first time in twenty years to affix his seal and signature to a document.

—A Massachusetts missionary on the Congo writes home that he is in good health and full of cheer. He does not mean the "cheer" that Massachusetts sends over for the natives to get full of.

—In order to show that he ought to have a "pull" the Philadelphia Record changes the name of ex-Gov. Hauser, of Montana, to Hawser. It is one of the hardest things in the world to make a joke in Philadelphia.

—The cost of maintaining Girard College last year was \$440,652. The Girard fund now amounts to \$13,284,238. Who is to be the Stephen Girard of New York? To avoid confusion let the millionaires speak one at a time.

—The original autograph manuscript of the "Poems of Two Brothers" (Alfred and Charles Tennyson) was sold at auction in London recently for \$2,400. The manuscript was chiefly in the handwriting of the late laureate and contained three poems that do not appear in the published work.

—The Boston Herald has never had a good opinion of Tammany, but tempers its judgment with mercy when reminded of the fact that Tammany runs the New York City government and that the city's 2 1/2 per cent. bond "have become the highest standard security in the civilized world."

—Frederick W. Ruckstuhl, the sculptor, who has recently taken up his residence in New York, has a very high reputation in Paris, where his works have won the praise of critics. Americans know him best from his decorative group, "Mercury Amusing Himself," recently set up in Portland place, St. Louis, near the fashionable portion of the city. The figures in this group, which illustrates the legend of the god's battle with the eagle, are nine feet high. The work was exhibited in the Paris Salon of 1891 and was purchased by the subscription of wealthy St. Louisians as the first of a series of similar groups of statuary to be erected for the ornament of the city.

MISSOURI MELANGE.

—Henry Watterson lectured at Hannibal, Monday evening.

—Harrisonville, Mo., is resolved to have an electric light plant, come what may.

—The brewers war in St. Louis still remains unchanged and both sides are spitting on their hands.

—A Pantomime performance of Ben Hur will be given at Baldwin's opera house, Springfield, next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday night.

—A big fire occurred in St. Louis yesterday and the five story brick build occupied by David Loewen & Son, dealers in broom manufacturers, burned.

—A five year old boy yesterday in St. Louis, who had been left alone by his mother put his arm into the stove, his sleeve ignited and he was burned to death.

—Augustus C. Clements, cashier of the First National bank of St. Joseph, died at his residence in that city Sunday night. The remains were taken to St. Louis for burial.

—Yesterday the Carthage Marble and White Lime Company purchased 15 acres of quarry land on the north side of Spring River for \$10,000. The stone found on the land is excellent for lime purposes and takes a finish equal to marble. The company owning it is composed of St. Louis capitalists.

School Teachers to Marry.

The Moberly Democrat in writing of the approaching nuptials of Prof. L. E. Wolfe and Miss Anna L. Smith, says as follows:

"The facts in the case have been considered well established for some time past, but the exact date is as yet unannounced. Both parties are well known in the educational circles of this city, and the happy consummation will meet with popular favor among their many friends."

Prof. Wolfe and Miss Smith should be proud of the above flattering "send off" in a home paper. THE BAZOO takes the liberty of tendering its congratulations in advance.

WILLIAM TELL
Your Mother
TO USE NO OTHER
SOAP FOR LAUNDRY
AND HOUSEHOLD
PURPOSES.
THAN
LAIRETTE
It is far superior to any other in the market
AND IS MADE ONLY BY
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.
ST. LOUIS.

Dr. SYDNEY RINGER, Professor of Medicine at University College, London, Author of the Standard "Handbook of Therapeutics," actually writes as follows: "From the careful analyses of Prof. ATTFIELD and others, I am satisfied that
VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA
is in no way injurious to health, and that it is decidedly more nutritious than other Cocoa.—It is certainly "Pure" and highly digestible.—The quotations in certain advertisements (from Trade rivals) from my book on Therapeutics are quite misleading, and cannot possibly apply to VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA."
The false reflections on VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA is thus effectively repelled, and the very authority cited to injure it, is thereby prompted to give it a very handsome testimonial.

MEAD'S CATARRH CURE
HAS NO EQUAL FOR
CATARRH, COLDS, DEAFNESS,
Headache, Offensive Breath, Loss of Taste & Smell.
PLEASANT TO TAKE.
Absolutely Sure! PRICE, 75 CENTS.
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FOR FAT FOLKS. JUST RECEIVED!

Dr. Edison's FAMOUS PILLS AND BANDS AND OBESITY FRUIT SALT reduce your weight without dieting; cures the causes of obesity, such as dyspepsia, rheumatism, nervousness, catarrh, kidney troubles; keeps you healthy, and beautifies the complexion.

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
I again write you to say I have lost 13 pounds, making 42 pounds lost in 10 weeks by using 4 bottles of Dr. Edison's Obesity Pills and wearing his Obesity Band.

Very truly yours, CHAS. H. KING.
Prof. HALE, Chicago University, writes to the Chicago Herald, Sept. 18, 1892: "Obese men, should pay some attention to reducing their weight. When a man is troubled with rheumatism, dyspepsia, kidney trouble or nervousness the reducing of weight is slower, until the Obesity Pills have cured the disease that caused obesity. The pills soften and beautify the skin of the face."

I am at liberty to cite a case in point. Under my advice Mr. Armour used an Edison Obesity Band and 3 bottles of Pills and lost 29 pounds in 6 weeks. Other patients have been equally successful.

100,000
100,000
100,000

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ENVELOPES.

ALL QUALITIES.
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When you can be Cured
Thousands are suffering with Torpid Liver—the symptoms are Depression of Spirits, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache. Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a reliable remedy for Liver Disorders. It cures thousands every year; why not try Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator? Your Druggist will supply you.

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For Your Meals. None Better Anywhere. 9-13w6m